# Safety Data Sheet

### 1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

A. Product name: Pannox 8630

B. Other name:

C. Suggested purpose & application: Used in nonionic surfactants and industrial cleaners.

D. Manufacturer/supplier identification:

Company: Pan Asia Chemical Corp. TEL: 886-2-2351-1212

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E. Emergency contact telephone & fax no. : TEL: 886-2-2351-1212

FAX: 886-2-2396-2946

### 2. Hazards identification

A. Product dangerous classification: Toxicity substance (devour): class 4

Heavy damage / eye irritator : class 1

Water environmental dangerous substance: class 2

B. GHS Symbol pictogram:



C. Signal word : Dangerous

D. Dangerous information: Harmful if swallowed. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse

effects in the aquatic environment.

E. Dangerous protection : Use safety goggle/gloves/face/ protective clothing when you

handling.

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of

water and seek medical advice.

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this

container or label.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Avoid release to the environment.

F. Other damage:

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### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Pure material:

A. Chinese name: 辛基酚聚氧乙烯醚(Octylphenol polyethylene glycol ether)

B. Synonyms: Poly (oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), a-[ (1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)

Polyoxyethylene octylphenol ether

C. CAS No.: 9002-93-1 / 9036-19-5

D. Ingredient (%): >99.5 %(W/W)

Blend mixture:

A. Chemistry performance:

Chinese name of dangerous component Chemical Abstract Service NO. Concentration % or % range

(CAS No.)

#### 4. First aid measures

A. After inhalation: Fresh air.

B. After skin contact: Wash off with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing.C. After eye contact: Rinse out with plenty of water with the eyelid held wide open.

D. After swallowing: Make victim drink plenty of water, induce vomiting. Summon doctor if

feeling unwell.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

A. Suitable extinguishing media: Water, CO2, foam, powder.

B. Special risks: Combustible. Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapors

possible in the event of fire.

C. Special protective equipment for fire fighting: Do not stay in dangerous zone without

self-contained breathing apparatus.

D. Other information: Prevent fire-fighting water from entering surface water or

groundwater.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

A. Person-related precautionary measures: Do not inhale vapours/aerosols. Ensure supply of

fresh air in enclosed rooms.

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B. Environmental-protection measures: Waste liquid or wastewater containing this

substance may not be discharged directly to the

river without treatment.

C. Procedures for cleaning / absorption: Clean up all spills immediately.

### 7. Handling and storage

A. Handling: 1. Glass, steel and plastic containers should be used. 2. Avoid

contact with oxidants such as nitrates, chlorine bleach, liquid

chlorine and so on. 3. Avoid contact with strong acids.

B. Storage: 1. Keep the container close. 2. Storage should be selected dry, cool

and well ventilated place. 3. away from strong acid and oxidizing substances, such as nitrate, chlorine bleach, liquid chlorine and so on. 4. Storage containers to avoid physical damage. 5. Keep away

from food and drink. 6. Check regularly for leaks or spills.

C. Storage temperature: Ventilation and shade.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. Appropriate engineering controls: The working environment should have local exhaust.

Provide exhaust ventilation.

B. Control parameters:

Internal regulation : --- mg/m³- TWA
 ACGIH : --- mg/m³- TWA

Biological indicators BEIs : LD50 : ---mg/kg (Ingestion / Rat : mg/KG)

C. Individual protection measures :

Respiratory protection: Use respirator or activated carbon mask.

Eye protection: Use goggles. Wash eyes before breaks and at the end

of work.

Hand protection : Wear PE long sleeve gloves.Skin protection : Protective work clothing.

D. Industrial hygiene: Change contaminated clothing. Application of skin-

protective barrier cream recommended. Wash hands

after working with substance.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

A. Appearance : Solid

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B. Odor : N/A 
C. Vaporization velocity : N/A 
D. Melting point : 40  $^{\circ}$ 

E. PH value :  $5.0 \sim 7.0 (1\% \text{ ag.})$ 

F. Boiling point :  $>250^{\circ}$ C G. Flammability : N/A H. Degradation temperature : N/A

I. Flash point :  $>149^{\circ}$ C (TOC)

J. Autoingination temperature: N/A
K. Exposition limit: N/A
L. Vapor pressure: N/A
M. Vapor density (air=1): N/A
N. Density: N/A

O. Solubility: Soluble in water

### 10. Stability and reactivity

A. Stability: Stable in room temperature, no reaction.

B. Possible hazardous reactions under special conditions: Heating directly with an open flame

may cause burning or high

temperature vapor.

C. Condition to avoid: Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.

D. Incompatible materials: Oxidizing substances, reducing agents.

E. Hazardous decomposition products: Thermal decomposition produces carbon oxides.

### 11. Toxicological information

A. Exposure pathway:

Skin contact: This substance and hand contact may cause allergies.

• Inhalation: The high temperature vapor of this substance enters the body through

the respiratory tract.

• Ingestion: Ingestion into the body.

Eye contact : This substance is uncomfortable due to eye contact.

B. Acute toxicity:

LD50 (oral, rat): 2800 mg/kg. LD50 (dermal, rabbit): -- mg/kg.

C. Subacute to chronic toxicity: 1. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dry

skin, irritation, and may even cause dermatitis.

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2. Exposure to alkylphenols may cause male sperm count

and fertility decline.

D. Further toxicological information: Hazardous properties cannot be excluded, but products

should be handled with care when handling products

properly.

### 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity:

• LC50 (fish) : N/A

EC50 (aquatic invertebrates) : N/A

Bioconcentration factor (BCF):

B. Persistence and degradability:

Half-life (air)N/A

Half-life (water surface)
 N/A

Half-life (groundwater)
 N/A

Half-life (soil)

N/A

C. Bioaccumulation: N/A

D. Mobility in the soil : N/A

E. Other adverse effects: N/A

## 13. Disposal considerations

A. Disposal methods: Chemical residues generally count as special waste. We recommend

that you either the authorities in charge or approved waste disposal companies which will advise you on how to dispose of special waste.

B. Packaging: Disposal in compliance with official regulations. Handle contaminated

packaging in the same way as the substance itself. If not officially specified differently, non-contaminated packaging may be treated

like household waste or recycled.

### 14. Transport information

A. UN number: 3077

B. UN Transportation name : Environmentally harmful solid substances, not

otherwise specified.

C. Transportation Dangerous Classification: 9

D. Packing class:

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E. Marine pollution material (YES / NO): NOF. Marine transportation and air transportation: N/A

### 15. Regulatory information

A. Suitable law: Labors' safety & Hygiene regulation.

#### 16. Other information

A. References: Pan Asia Chemical Corp. Kaohsiung factory.

B. Tabulation unit:

Name : Pan Asia Chemical Corporation

Address: 8-1 Chin-Chien Rd. Da-she County Kaohsiung

• TEL: 886-7-3511318

C. Tabulator:

Job title : Head of work safety

Name : In-Gier Huang

D. SDS Tabulation date: Aug 2021



Tel:+886-2-2351-1212 Fax:+886-2-2396-2946

http://www.pacc.com.tw E-mail:paccsale@pacc.com.tw